Archaeological Monitoring on land at Highbank, The Street, Petham, Kent

Planning Application Number: CA/24/00046

Site Code: HIGH/WB/24



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1. Summary

In September 2024 SWAT Archaeology carried out a programme of archaeological monitoring and recording on land at Highbank, The Street, Petham in Kent. The works were commissioned by the resident and carried out during the excavation of ground works associated with the new development of a first-floor extension, external alterations and removal of greenhouse (Canterbury City Council Planning CA/24/00046).

The Watching Brief was conducted in accordance with an archaeological Watching Brief Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) provided by SWAT Archaeology.

Despite the potential for the presence and survival of archaeological remains, no archaeological features or finds were recorded during the archaeological monitoring works.

2.0 Introduction

The proposed development area (PDA) is situated on land at Highbank, The Street, Petham in Kent. The NGR to the centre of the site is 612781 151369 (Figures 1-2).

2.2 Planning Background

The land has a planning permission (CA/24/00046) from Canterbury City Council for the erection of a first-floor extension, external alterations and removal of greenhouse.

The following Condition (5) requiring a programme of archaeological monitoring was attached to the planning consent:

(5) Prior to the commencement of the development hereby approved, the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, has secured the implementation of a watching brief to be undertaken by an archaeologist approved by the local planning authority so that the excavation is observed and items of interest and finds are recorded. The watching brief shall be in accordance with a written programme and specification which has previously been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. For the purposes of clarity the condition will be in two parts. Part (i) relating to the submission of a WSI and part (II) relating to the submission of a satisfactory report relating to the outcome of the watching brief.

Reason: To ensure that features of archaeological interest are properly examined and
Recorded in accordance with policy HE 11 and HE 12 of the Canterbury District Local Plan and
the NPPF.

3.0 Schedule of Visits

An archaeologist suitably experienced attended the site (Dr Paul Wilkinson SWAT) and closely monitored the excavation works on 4th September 2024.

4.1 Aims and Objectives

- 4.1. The specific aims of the archaeological work and objectives of the monitoring were therefore to:
 - To ensure the archaeological excavation and monitoring of all aspects of the development programme likely to affect buried archaeological remains;

- To secure the adequate recording of any archaeological remains revealed by the development programme;
- To secure the full analysis and interpretation of the site archive and the appropriate publication of the project results, if required;
- To secure the analysis, long term conservation and storage of the project archive.
- 4.2 The specific archaeological requirements of the watching brief are summarised below;
 - Monitoring of all ground works;
 - Mitigation by a programme of archaeological excavation and recording in the event that additional archaeological remains are encountered;
 - Post-excavation and publication, where required.

4.2. Proposed Groundworks.

The ground works were to excavate the ground for concrete footings and services (Plates 1-6. Figures 1-2).

4.3. A full programme of proposed works by the contractor were made available to SWAT Archaeology before the on-site monitoring took place.

4.4. Confidence Rating

No factors hindered the recognition of archaeological and deposits during the monitoring and recording exercise.

5.0 Archaeological and Geological Background

- 5.1 The geology of the site according to the British Geological Survey is set on bedrock of Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation. Superficial deposits are recorded as Head- Clay, Silt, Sand but the geology exposed on site as Chalk. The Ordnance Datum for the site is about 65m aOD.
- 5.2 The proposed development area (PDA) is within an Area of Archaeological Potential and A search of the KCCHER has revealed that adjacent to the north is located 'The Old Post House' a Grade II Listed Building dating from about 1800-1832 (TR 15 SW 152). Just to the

south are located Bank Cottages again Grade II Listed Buildings dating from 1500-1599 (TR 25 SW 125). About 45m to the south is a listed Farmstead (MKE 86220.

6.0 Methodology

6.1. The Archaeological Investigations were conducted in accordance with the Archaeological Specification provided by SWAT Archaeology.

6.2 The works comprised the close monitoring and supervision of all ground works, including the inspection of subsoil and natural deposits for archaeological features and finds. All fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the methodology set out in the WSI and carried out in compliance with the standards outlined in the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists' Standards Guidance for Archaeological Watching Brief (CIfA 2017).

6.3. All excavation was carried out under the constant supervision of an experienced archaeologist (Dr Paul Wilkinson SWAT).

6.4. Where possible some areas of excavation were subsequently closely examined with the intention of revealing any observed features in plan and section but no features were revealed.

6.5. If found archaeological features under threat were to be excavated to enable sufficient information about form, development date and stratigraphic relationships to be recorded without prejudice to more extensive investigations, should these prove to be necessary.

6.6 Excavation of the area for the concrete foundation footings for car parking space was carried out by building contractors digging with a machine (Plates 1-6). All areas of excavation were carried out under the constant supervision of an experienced archaeologist and inspected and recorded by the archaeologist in attendance (See Table 1, below).

6.8 Timetable

Archaeological monitoring was carried out on the following day;

Task	Date	Staff
Archaeological monitoring	4 th September 2024	Paul Wilkinson
		SWAT

Table 1 Attendance Schedule

6.9 Recording

- 6.9.1 A complete drawn record comprising both plans and sections, drawn to appropriate scales (1:20 for plans, 1:10 for sections) was undertaken. Where appropriate, the plans and sections were annotated with coordinates and aOD heights and form part of the site archive.
- 6.9.2 Photographs were to be taken as appropriate providing a record of excavated footings but no features or archaeological deposits were revealed. The record also includes images of the site overall. The photographic record comprises digital photography. A photographic register of all photographs taken is contained within the project archive (Plates 1-6).
- 6.9.3 A single context recording system was used to record the deposits. A full list is presented in Table 2 below. Layers and fills are identified in this report thus (001), whilst the cut of any features is shown [100]. Context numbers were assigned to all deposits for recording purposes.

6.9.4 Stratigraphic Sequence

6.9.5 The stratigraphic sequence recorded during the archaeological works remained relatively consistent across all areas of the site, comprising areas of topsoil overlaying subsoil. The following table provides detailed description of each stratigraphic context.

6.9.6

Context	Description	Interpretation
Number		
001	Concrete and topsoil	Overburden (Plates 1-3)
002	Brown/grey chalky subsoil overlaying Chalk	Natural (Plates 2-6)

Table 2 Stratigraphic Sequence and Register of Contexts

6.10. The site produced no archaeological features or deposits or finds and no environmental potential was recognised on site.

The Site Archive, which will include; paper records, photographic records, graphics and digital data, will be prepared following nationally recommended guidelines (SMA 1995; CIfA 2017. All archive elements will be marked with the site/accession code, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive comprises 1 file/document case of paper records & A4 graphics and CD for photo archive.

6.11 Results

6.11.1 No archaeological features or finds were revealed or recovered. The natural geology encountered across the site was grey brown chalky subsoil sitting on the natural of chalk. No archaeological features were revealed in the subsoil or natural geology and no archaeological finds retrieved from the area watched (Figures 1-3). The ground reduction for a parking place was about 2.50m deep with subsoil about 20cm thick. OD height across the PDA was about 65m aOD (Plates 1-6). Overall areas watched were the footprint foundation footings of the proposed garage space and a service trench connection (Figures 1-2).

7.0 Finds

No finds were retrieved.

8.0 Discussion

The development site is in an area of high archaeological potential. However, no archaeology was revealed on the development site.

9.0 Conclusion

The Archaeological Investigation has fulfilled the primary aims and objectives of the SWAT

Archaeological Specification. As far as it is known no buried archaeological features have been

affected as a result of the development.

10.0 Acknowledgments

SWAT Archaeology would like to thank the landowner/developer for commissioning the

project. Fieldwork was undertaken and report written by Dr Paul Wilkinson MCIfA.

11.0 REFERENCES

ADS 2013. Caring for Digital Data in Archaeology: a guide to good practice,

Archaeology Data Service & Digital Antiquity Guides to Good Practice

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014, updated 1st October 2020 Standard

and guidance: for watching Brief.

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014, updated 1st October 2020. Standard

and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological

archives.

SMA 1993. Selection, Retention and Dispersal of Archaeological Collections, Society

of Museum Archaeologists.

Appendix 1 KCCHER Summary Form

Site Name: Development of land at Highbank, The Street, Petham, Kent CT4 5QZ

SWAT Site Code: HIGH/WB/24

Site Address: As above

Summary:

Swale and Thames Survey Company (SWAT) carried out Archaeological Monitoring on the

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development site above. The site has planning permission for development whereby the KCC Archaeological Officer requested that Archaeological Watching Brief be undertaken to closely monitor the possible impact of the development on any archaeological remains.

The Archaeological Monitoring consisted of site attendance and supervision which encountered no buried archaeological features or artefacts.

District/Unitary: Canterbury City Council

Period(s):

NGR (centre of site to eight figures) 612781 151369

Type of Archaeological work: Archaeological Watching Brief

Date of recording: September 2024

Unit undertaking recording: Swale and Thames Survey Company (SWAT. Archaeology)

Geology: Bedrock geology Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation- Chalk

Title and author of accompanying report: Wilkinson P. (2024) Archaeological Watching Brief

on land at Highbank, The Street, Petham, Kent

Summary of fieldwork results (begin with earliest period first, add NGRs where appropriate)

See above

Location of archive/finds: SWAT. Archaeology. Graveney Rd, Faversham, Kent. ME13 8UP

Plates



Plate 1. View of site prior to development- Google Earth (looking East)



Plate 2. Excavating front garden for parking space (looking NNE)



Plate 3. Excavating front garden for parking space (looking NE)



Plate 4. Excavating front garden for parking space (looking North)



Plate 5. Excavating front garden for parking space (looking NE)



Plate 6. Service trench on south side of property



Figure 1. Map of site location at NGR 612781 151369 (Red line and red arrow-service trench)



Figure 2. Proposed development and area watched (red line and arrow)